

# The Biblical Warrior Series – David

## Lesson 19

### 2 Samuel 15: 1 – 6

1. How does Absalom's actions compare with current political practices? Does his actions reflect his true motivation? Why or why not? \_\_\_\_\_

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### 2 Samuel 15: 7 – 12

2. How did Absalom use the name of God to achieve his desired end? Do you think he had God's favor in doing so? Why or why not? \_\_\_\_\_

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3. Any similar political practices in our day? Involving law enforcement? \_\_\_\_\_

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### 2 Samuel 15: 13 – 21

4. There's an old saying that "misery likes company." What does David's discussion with Ittai the Gittite teach us about him? About his focus in trying times? \_\_\_\_\_

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5. David was a leader that had a way of attracting loyal followers... why might that be?

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### 2 Samuel 15: 22 - 26

6. In the middle of David's darkest hour, he was able to release his fate into God's hands. Why do you think he was able to do that? \_\_\_\_\_

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### 2 Samuel 15: 27 – 31

7. **C.f.1 Chronicles 27: 33, 2 Samuel 16: 23** Who was Ahithophel? How did David choose to deal with him according to this passage? \_\_\_\_\_

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## 2 Samuel 15: 32 – 37

8. What can we learn about Hushai in this passage? Why do you think he was willing to do what David said? \_\_\_\_\_

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### Application

1. The world has a political system that stands in stark contrast to God's.
2. They conveniently use the name of God when it is to their advantage for personal gain.
3. God's leadership model involves a focus on what's best for others.
4. Godly leaders strive to live morally upright lives that they may rest in knowing that at the end of each day they have done the right thing.
5. Because they have done the right thing, they know that they have God's favor and can trust him with the outcome.

### Notes:

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